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DATE MAILED: 08/08/2005

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/891,080	06/25/2001	Matthew F. Hurst	JP20000066US / 954-010377	8775
7590 08/08/2005		EXAMINER		
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23 Southern Ro	ad			
Hartsdale, NY 10530			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2621	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	,	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/891,080	HURST ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Sherali Ishrat	2621				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·					
		This action is non-final.					
3)□	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the applic	cation.					
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,10-16,20 and 21</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠	Claim(s) 7-9 and 17-19 is/are objected to) .					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>25 June 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
	1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) 🛛 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/ r No(s)/Mail Date 8/2/2004 & 1/26/03.		f Informal Patent Application (PT0	O-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6, 10-16 and 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hommersom et al. (US 6,134,565) in view of Cohen (US 5,752,051).

Regarding claim 1, Hommersom discloses a document processing for extracting a text block from a document (Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-5, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus for recognizing separate article in a source document.

Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 51-60, states "clustering of adjoining information carrying pixels are sought in the image and are characterized as characters, line, graphic or photo and in the second step information of the character type is divided into text block, lines and words" and in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained". In the system of Hommersome the step of segmentation and filtering in which object of the type text block, title, graphics, lines retained corresponds to a document processing for extracting a text block from a document) comprising the steps:

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generating an objects including characters, marks and other symbol from the document (Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 51-60, states "clustering of adjoining information carrying pixels are sought in the image and are characterized as characters, line, graphic or photo and in the second step information of the character type is divided into text block, lines and words" and in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained". In the system of Hommersome, retaining object type of text blocks, lines and graphics corresponds to generating and extracting an objects including characters [text blocks], marks [lines] and other symbol [graphics] from the document);

generating a connection candidate between the objects (Hommersom in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained in the article and Hommersom in col. 5,lines states 48-55 states "initially all the objects are designated as an article [part of the article]. The operation of the interpreter is now intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule successfully". In the system of Hommersom segmentation result and designation of all objects as article and applying rules to combine objects corresponds to generating a connection candidate [article as whole] between the objects); and

evaluating validity of connection candidate using a language model

(Hommersom in col. 4,lines 23-27, states "the actual analysis of the segmentation image take place using interpreter with number of rules based on the conventional lay-

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out of the document being processed. A set of rules for different documents are stored in the memory" and Hommersom in col. 5, lines states 48-55 states "initially all the objects are designated as an article. The operation of the interpreter is now intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule successfully. In these condition all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied. If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it". In the system of Hommersom initially all the objects are designated as an article and all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to the first object corresponds to evaluating validity of connection candidate using a language model and interpreter which intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule corresponds to language model).

Hommersome however has not explicitly shown characters are laid out using blank characters and generating blank characters.

In the same field of endeavor Cohen discloses characters are laid out using blank characters and generating blank characters (Cohen in col. 3, lines 43-53, states the sample text is filtered to remove unwanted characters. Typically punctuation and numerals are replaced by the stop characters flanked by blanks. Formatting codes such as carriage returns replaced by blanks" and Cohen in col. 7, lines 35-40, the logical steps are implemented using hardware and software [computer and computer program]. In the system of Cohen punctuation and numerals are replaced by the stop

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characters and flanked by blanks and formatting codes such as carriage returns is replaced by blanks, corresponds to characters are laid out using blank characters and generating blank characters).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to lay out characters using blank characters and generating blank characters as shown by Cohen in the system of Hommersome by filtering the segmented objects (Hommersom col. 4, lines 12-15) to replace unwanted characters with the stop characters spaces flanked by blanks and replacing formatting codes such as carriage returns by blanks in the system of Hommersome because such process provide necessary step for connecting words and phrases in the document (as stated by Cohen in col. 5, lines 35-58, A word is a string of consecutive symbols which is separated from adjoining symbols by "spaces". Two adjacent words are joined together as phrase, including the common delimiter [blank space] if symbol on either side of common delimiter [blank space] jointly contribute to significantly scoring of n-gram without requiring training) thereby providing efficient/faster processing for connecting or combining objects in the document as stated by Cohen in col. 7, lines 22-30.

Regarding claim 2, Hommersom discloses determining if a connection is valid (Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-5, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus for recognizing separate article in a source document. Hommersom in col. 5,lines states 48-55 states "initially all the objects are designated as an article. The operation of the interpreter is now intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule successfully. In these

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condition all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied. If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it. In the system of Hommersome if the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it, corresponds determining if a connection is valid); and

combining the objects corresponding to source and destination of connection candidate, if it is determined that the connection of candidate is valid (Hommersom in col. 5,lines states 52-55 states "In these condition all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied. If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it", which corresponds to combining the objects corresponding to source [first object] and destination of connection candidate [second object], if it is determined that the connection of candidate is valid).

Regarding claim 3, Hommersom discloses the object generated is associated with a coordinate indicating a position of the document (Hommersome in col. 4, lines 5-10 and 16-20, states "All objects in the image are now known and their position are fixed in the form of coordinates e.g. top left hand corner and bottom right hand corner and step 3 comprises determining position features for all remaining obects", which corresponds to the object generated is associated with a coordinate indicating a position of the documen).

Regarding claim 4, Hommersom discloses text block is generated by combining the objects (Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 51-60, states "clustering of adjoining"

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information carrying pixels are sought in the image and are characterized as characters, line, graphic or photo and in the second step information of the character type is divided into text block, lines and words". In the system of Hommersom character type is divided into text block [characters are combined as text block], lines and words [characters are combine] corresponds to text block is generated by combining the objects),

text block is defined as a rectangular region with a minimum area that includes the objects (Hommersom in figure 1 shows text block is defined as a rectangular region, in col. 4, lines 5-10, Hommersom states "all the objects position is fixed in the form of coordinates e.g. top left hand corner and the bottom right-hand corner of each object", since all all the objects position is fixed in the form of coordinates e.g. top left hand corner and the bottom right-hand corner of each object therefore it is obvious that text block is defined as a rectangular region [figure 1] with a minimum area that includes the objects because text block area is defined in term of its coordinates).

the position of f the text block is specified using the coordinates of opposing corners of rectangular region in the document (Hommersom in figure 1 shows text block is defined as a rectangular region, in col. 4, lines 5-10, Hommersom states "all the objects position is fixed in the form of coordinates e.g. top left hand corner and the bottom right-hand corner of each object" which corresponds to text block is specified using the coordinates of opposing corners of rectangular region in the document).

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Regarding claim 5, Hommersom discloses connection candidate between the objects is a connection with an object that adjoins the source object on the right side or a connection with an object that is located in the next line and the left side of the source object (Hommersome in col. 6, lines 38-40, states a text block or title flanked on both sides by objects belonging to one and same article is added to the article" which corresponds to connection candidate between the objects is a connection with an object that adjoins the source object [article] on the right side).

Regarding claim 6, Hommersom shows language model (Hommersom in col. 4,lines 23-27, states "the actual analysis of the segmentation image take place using interpreter with number of rules based on the conventional lay-out of the document being processed. A set of rules for different documents are stored in the memory". This corresponds to rule based language model).

Hommersom however has not disclosed the language model is an N-gram.

In the same field of endeavor Cohen shows the language model is N-gram (Cohen in col. 3, lines 60-65, thru col. 4, lines 1-6 states "operating on the filtered sample text, step 12 forms sample N-gram counts as follows: let the filtered sample text be of length S with symbol s1, s2, sn. Fixing the positive integer n, defining the jth N-gram gj as the N-long subsequence of the text centered about jth symbol: In other words an N-long widow is slid along the text and pattern at each position of window is noted" and Hommersom in col. 5, lines 47-58, "A word is recognized as significant if at least one of its symbol has score equal to or exceeding the symbol score. Similarly if a significant N-gram span two words then the combination of two words is significant.

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Any number of consecutive words be joined in this fashion. Cohen in col. 7, lines 22-26, states "The master N-gram scores are derived from document, but are nonzero if they are judged to be significant. As more N-grams are removed from candidacy the processing becomes faster. In the system of Hommerson all this corresponds to a language model is N gram because based on the N-gram score of text window, words are recognized and the consecutive words are combined to form phrases and sentences therefore parts of document/article are connected).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the N-gram language model in the system of Hommersom by replacing rule based language model of Hommersom with N-gram model by determining symbol scores of the segmented filtered (words, text blocks and title) in the system of Hommersome (Hommersom col. 4, lines 11-15) because such a process would verify the segmentation result [word, sentence, title [text blocks] of Hommersom, connect the portion of document/article with higher processing speed (as stated by Cohen col. 7, lines 22-26) and thereby provide faster speed of recognizing/ sorting documents/articles (as stated by Cohen in col. 2, lines 20-25).

Regarding claim 10, Hommersom discloses if there is only a single connection candidate between the objects, the initial text blocks, or the text blocks combined thereof, combining them without determining validity of connection using a language model (Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 52-65, states "clusters of adjoining information carrying pixels is sought in the image and are characterized as line, graphic, or photo. In addition additions characters larger than the average size of the characters are

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characterized further as large characters, In the second step the image information of the character type is divided into text blocks lines word. The segmentation result is expanded with objects title (a text block or line formed of large characters). In the system of Hommersom a text block or line formed [title] of large characters corresponds to the initial text blocks, combining them without determining validity of connection using a language model [combining them during segmentation without applying the rules] shown by Hommersome in col. 6, lines 26-55 based on the size of the characters corresponds to single connection candidate).

Regarding claim 11, Hommersom discloses a document processing system for extracting a text block from a document (Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-5, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus for recognizing separate articles in a source document.

Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 51-60, states "clustering of adjoining information carrying pixels are sought in the image and are characterized as characters, line, graphic or photo and in the second step information of the character type is divided into text block, lines and words" and in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained". In the system [FIG. 2 of Hommersom] of Hommersome the step of segmentation and filtering in which object of the type text block, title, graphics, lines retained corresponds to a document processing for extracting a text block from a document and apparatus 2 shown in Hommersom corresponds to document processing system for extracting a text block from a document) comprising the steps:

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means for generating an objects including characters, marks and other symbol from the document (Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 51-60, states "clustering of adjoining information carrying pixels are sought in the image and are characterized as characters, line, graphic or photo and in the second step information of the character type is divided into text block, lines and words", in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained" and Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-10, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus of the invention for recognizing separate article in a source document. This apparatus includes a central processing unit and memory disc and in col. 3, lines 20-25, "The central processing unit is computer having a program for processing". In the system of Hommersome, retaining object type of text blocks, lines and graphics corresponds to generating and extracting an objects including characters [text blocks], marks [lines] and other symbol [graphics] from the document and the computer and computer program of Hommerson shown in FIG 2 corresponds to means for generating an objects including characters, marks and other symbol from the document);

mean for generating a connection candidate between the objects

(Hommersom in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained in the article and Hommersom in col. 5,lines states 48-55 states "initially all the objects are designated as an article [part of the article]. The operation of the interpreter is now intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule successfully" and Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-10, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus of the invention

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for recognizing separate article in a source document. This apparatus includes a central processing unit and memory disc and in col. 3, lines 20-25, "The central processing unit is computer having a program for processing". In the system of Hommersom segmentation result and designation of all objects as article and applying rules to combine objects corresponds to generating a connection candidate [article as whole] between the objects and the computer and computer program corresponds to means for generating a connection candidate between the objects); and

means for evaluating validity of connection candidate using a language model (Hommersom in col. 4,lines 23-27, states "the actual analysis of the segmentation image take place using interpreter with number of rules based on the conventional layout of the document being processed. A set of rules for different documents are stored in the memory" and Hommersom in col. 5, lines states 48-55 states "initially all the objects are designated as an article. The operation of the interpreter is now intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule successfully. In these condition all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied. If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it". and Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-10, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus of the invention for recognizing separate article in a source document. This apparatus includes a central processing unit and memory disc and in col. 3 lines 20-25, "The central processing unit is computer having a program for processing". In the system of Hommersom initially all the objects are designated as an article and all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in

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relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied. If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to the first object corresponds to evaluating validity of connection candidate using a language model and interpreter which intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule corresponds to language model and the computer and computer program of Hommersom of FIG 2 corresponds to means for evaluating validity of connection candidate using a language model).

Hommersome however has not explicitly shown characters are laid out using blank characters and means for generating blank characters.

In the same field of endeavor Cohen discloses characters are laid out using blank characters and generating blank characters (Cohen in col. 3, lines 43-53, states the sample text is filtered to remove unwanted characters. Typically punctuation and numerals are replaced by the stop characters flanked by blanks. Formatting codes such as carriage returns replaced by blanks" and Cohen in col. 7, lines 35-40, the logical steps are implemented using hardware and software [computer and computer program]. In the system of Cohen punctuation and numerals are replaced by the stop characters and flanked by blanks and formatting codes such as carriage returns is replaced by blanks, corresponds to characters are laid out using blank characters and generating blank characters and the implementation of steps using hardware/computer and software/computer program corresponds to means for generating blank characters).

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Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to lay out characters using blank characters and generating blank characters as shown by Cohen in the system of Hommersome by filtering the segmented objects (Hommersom col. 4, lines 12-15) to replace unwanted characters with the stop characters spaces flanked by blanks and replacing formatting codes such as carriage returns by blanks in the system of Hommersome because such process provide necessary step for connecting words and phrases in the document (as stated by Cohen in col. 5, lines 35-58, A word is a string of consecutive symbols which is separated from adjoining symbols by "spaces". Two adjacent words are joined together as phrase, including the common delimiter [blank space] if symbol on either side of common delimiter [blank space] jointly contribute to significantly scoring of n-gram without requiring training) thereby providing efficient/faster processing for connecting or combining objects in the document as stated by Cohen in col. 7, lines 22-30 without requiring training and rules.

Regarding claim 12, Hommersom discloses means for combining the objects corresponding to source and destination of connection candidate, if it is determined that the connection of candidate is valid (Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-5, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus for recognizing separate article in a source document. Hommersom in col. 5, lines states 48-55 states "initially all the objects are designated as an article. The operation of the interpreter is now intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule successfully. In these condition all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to

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the rule applied. If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it. In the system of Hommersome if the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it, corresponds determining if a connection is valid, Hommersom in col. 5,lines states 52-55 states "In these condition all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied. If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it, which corresponds to combining the objects corresponding to source [first object] and destination of connection candidate [second object], if it is determined that the connection of candidate is valid and the system of Hommersom which includes computer and computer program shown in figure 2 corresponds to means for combining the objects corresponding to source and destination of connection candidate, if it is determined that the connection of candidate is valid).

Regarding claim 13, Hommersom discloses the means for associating a generated object with a coordinate indicating a position of the document (Hommersome in col. 4, lines 5-10 and 16-20, states "All objects in the image are now known and their position are fixed in the form of coordinates e.g. top left hand corner and bottom right hand corner and step 3 comprises determining position features for all remaining obects", which corresponds to the object generated is associated with a coordinate indicating a position of the document and the system of Hommersom which includes computer and computer program shown in figure 2 corresponds to means for associating a generated object with a coordinate indicating a position of the document).

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Regarding claim 14, Hommersom discloses means for generating text block by combining the objects (Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 51-60, states "clustering of adjoining information carrying pixels are sought in the image and are characterized as characters, line, graphic or photo and in the second step information of the character type is divided into text block, lines and words". In the system of Hommersom character type is divided into text block [character are combined as text block], lines and words corresponds to text block is generated by combining the objects and the system of Hommersom which includes computer and computer program shown in figure 2 corresponds to means for generating text block by combining the objects),

text block is defined as a rectangular region with a minimum area that includes the objects (Hommersom in figure 1 shows text block is defined as a rectangular region, in col. 4, lines 5-10, Hommersom states "all the objects position is fixed in the form of coordinates e.g. top left hand corner and the bottom right-hand corner of each object", since all the objects position is fixed in the form of coordinates e.g. top left hand corner and the bottom right-hand corner of each object therefore it is obvious that text block is defined as a rectangular region [figure 1] with a minimum area that includes the objects because text block area is defined in term of its coordinates).

the position of f the text block is specified using the coordinates of opposing corners of rectangular region in the document (Hommersom in figure 1 shows text block is defined as a rectangular region, in col. 4, lines 5-10, Hommersom states "all the objects position is fixed in the form of coordinates e.g. top left hand corner and the

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bottom right-hand corner of each object" which corresponds to text block is specified using the coordinates of opposing corners of rectangular region in the document).

Regarding claim 15, Hommersom discloses connection candidate between the objects is a connection with an object that adjoins the source object on the right side or a connection with an object that is located in the next line and the left side of the source object (Hommersome in col. 6, lines 38-40, states a text block or title flanked on both sides by objects belonging to one and same article is added to the article" which corresponds to connection candidate between the objects is a connection with an object that adjoins the source object [article] on the right side).

Regarding claim 16, Hommersom shows language model (Hommersom in col. 4,lines 23-27, states "the actual analysis of the segmentation image take place using interpreter with number of rules based on the conventional lay-out of the document being processed. A set of rules for different documents are stored in the memory". This corresponds to rule based language model).

Hommersom however has not disclosed the language model is an N-gram.

In the same field of endeavor Cohen shows the language model is N-gram (Cohen in col. 3, lines 60-65, thru col. 4, lines 1-6 states "operating on the filtered sample text, step 12 forms sample N-gram counts as follows: let the filtered sample text be of length S with symbol s1, s2, sn. Fixing the positive integer n, defining the jth N-gram gj as the N-long subsequence of the text centered about jth symbol: In other words an N-long widow is slid along the text and pattern at each position of window is noted" and Hommersom in col. 5, lines 47-58, "A word is recognized as significant if at

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least one of its symbol has score equal to or exceeding the symbol score. Similarly if a significant N-gram span two words then the combination of two words is significant. Any number of consecutive words be joined in this fashion. Cohen in col. 7, lines 22-26, states "The master N-gram scores are derived from document, but are nonzero if they are judged to be significant. As more N-grams are removed from candidacy the processing becomes faster. In the system of Hommerson all this corresponds to a language model is N gram because based on the N-gram score of text window, words are recognized and the consecutive words are combined to form phrases and sentences therefore parts of document/article are connected).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the N-gram language model in the system of Hommersom by replacing rule based language model of Hommersom with N-gram model by determining symbol scores of the segmented filtered (words, text blocks and title) in the system of Hommersome (Hommersom col. 4, lines 11-15) because such a process would verify the segmentation result [word, sentence, title [text blocks] of Hommersom, connect the portion of document/article with higher processing speed (as stated by Cohen col. 7, 22-26) and thereby provide faster speed of recognizing/ sorting documents/articles (as stated by Cohen in col. 2, lines 20-25).

Regarding claim 20, Hommerrsom discloses if there is only a single connection candidate between the objects, the initial text blocks, or the text blocks combined thereof, combining them without determining validity of connection using a language model (Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 52-65, states "clusters of adjoining information"

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carrying pixels is sought in the image and are characterized as line, graphic, or photo. In addition additions characters larger than the average size of the characters are characterized further as large characters, In the second step the image information of the character type is divided into text blocks lines word. The segmentation result is expanded with objects title (a text block or line formed of large characters). In the system of Hommersom a text block or line formed [title] of large characters corresponds to the initial text blocks, combining them without determining validity of connection using a language model [combining them during segmentation without applying the rules] shown by Hommersome in col. 6, lines 26-55 based on the size of the characters corresponds to single connection candidate).

Regarding claim 21, Hommersom discloses a computer-readable medium having recorded thereon a program for causing computer (Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-10, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus of the invention for recognizing separate article in a source document. This apparatus includes a central processing unit and memory disc and in col. 3, lines 20-25, "The central processing unit is computer having a program for processing". This corresponds to computer-readable medium having recorded thereon a program for causing computer)

extracting a text block from a document (Hommersom in col. 3, lines 1-5, states FIG. 2 illustrates an apparatus for recognizing separate article in a source document. Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 51-60, states "clustering of adjoining information carrying pixels are sought in the image and are characterized as characters, line, graphic or photo and in the second step information of the character type is

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divided into text block, lines and words" and in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained". In the system of Hommersome the step of segmentation and filtering in which object of the type text block, title, graphics, lines retained corresponds to a document processing for extracting a text block from a document) comprising the steps:

generating an objects including characters, marks and other symbol from the document (Hommersom, in col. 3, lines 51-60, states "clustering of adjoining information carrying pixels are sought in the image and are characterized as characters, line, graphic or photo and in the second step information of the character type is divided into text block, lines and words" and in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained". In the system of Hommersome, retaining object type of text blocks, lines and graphics corresponds to generating and extracting an objects including characters [text blocks], marks [lines] and other symbol [graphics] from the document);

generating a connection candidate between the objects (Hommersom in col. 4, lines 12-15, Hommersome states "segmentation result is filtered so that only object of the type text block, title, graphic and lines are retained in the article and Hommersom in col. 5,lines states 48-55 states "initially all the objects are designated as an article [part of the article]. The operation of the interpreter is now intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule successfully". In the system of Hommersom

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segmentation result and designation of all objects as article and applying rules to combine objects corresponds to generating a connection candidate [article as whole] between the objects); and

evaluating validity of connection candidate using a language model (Hommersom in col. 4,lines 23-27, states "the actual analysis of the segmentation image take place using interpreter with number of rules based on the conventional layout of the document being processed. A set of rules for different documents are stored in the memory" and Hommersom in col. 5, lines states 48-55 states "initially all the objects are designated as an article. The operation of the interpreter is now intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule successfully. In these condition all the objects are analyzed consecutively, each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied. If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to it". In the system of Hommersom initially all the objects are designated as an article and all the objects are analyzed consecutively. each object is tested in relationship with all other objects by reference to the rule applied If the out come of the test is positive, the second object is added attached to the first object corresponds to evaluating validity of connection candidate using a language model and interpreter which intended to combine objects into groups by applying the rule corresponds to language model).

Hommersome however has not explicitly shown characters are laid out using blank characters and generating blank characters.

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In the same field of endeavor Cohen discloses characters are laid out using blank characters and generating blank (Cohen in col. 3, lines 43-53, states the sample text is filtered to remove unwanted characters. Typically punctuation and numerals are replaced by the stop characters flanked by blanks. Formatting codes such as carriage returns replaced by blanks". In the system of Cohen punctuation and numerals are replaced by the stop characters and flanked by blanks and formatting codes such as carriage returns is replaced by blanks which corresponds to characters are laid out using blank characters and generating blank characters).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to lay out characters using blank characters and generating blank characters as shown by Cohen in the system of Hommersome by filtering the segmented objects (Hommersom col. 4, lines 12-15) to replace unwanted characters with the stop characters spaces flanked by blanks and replacing formatting codes such as carriage returns by blanks in the system of Hommersome because such process provide necessary step for connecting words and phrases in the document (as stated by Cohen in col. 5, lines 35-58, A word is a string of consecutive symbols which is separated from adjoining symbols by "spaces". Two adjacent words are joined together as phrase, including the common delimiter [blank space] if symbol on either side of common delimiter [blank space] jointly contribute to significantly scoring of n-gram without requiring training) thereby providing efficient/faster processing for connecting or combining objects in the document as stated by Cohen in col. 7, lines 22-30.

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Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 7-9 and 17-19 are objected as being dependent rejected base claim but would allowable over prior art of record if rewritten in independent form including limitations of the base claim and any intervening claim.

Communication

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sherali Ishrat whose telephone number is 571-272-7398. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Mancuso can be reached on 571-272-7695. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Ishrat Sherali

July 25, 2005

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